For Creative Minds

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Rubber: A Natural Resource

Rubber is one of the most important raw materials in the world with thousands of uses. It is elastic, skid resistant, waterproof, bouncy, strong, holds air, keeps out noise, resists moisture, and doesn't conduct electricity.

Rubber trees are strong and tall with dark, shiny leaves. They grow at low elevations (not on mountains) in wet, tropical areas.

The first rubber trees grew in the Amazon area of Brazil and spread into other parts of South and Central America. Early European explorers took some seeds and planted them in Africa and Southeast Asia.

Most of the rubber that we use comes from rubber plantations in Thailand, Indonesia, and Malaysia, shown in yellow on the map. Wild rubber trees still grow in countries shown in red on the map.



Rubber plantations are far from towns, so the workers and their families live there. They have houses, schools, shops, churches, and doctors right on the plantation.

New rubber trees are planted throughout the year. Plantation workers plant seeds and then pick the healthiest saplings to plant. The rubber tree saplings are planted in rows 22 feet



(6.7 m) apart with 11 feet (3.3 m) between each sapling. It only takes six or seven years for the trees to grow large enough to be tapped.

Rubber comes from the sap of rubber trees, called "latex." Plantation workers, called tappers, start work around dawn each day because the latex flows best in the early morning. The tappers cut off a very thin layer of bark and put a small bowl under the cut to catch the latex that comes out of the cut. Cutting the bark or "tapping" it does not kill the tree; in fact, the latex that oozes out is the tree's natural way of healing itself. The tapper will return several hours later to get the latex in the bowl. The trees are tapped every other day and can be tapped for 30 to 35 years. Each tapping gives us about a cup of latex.

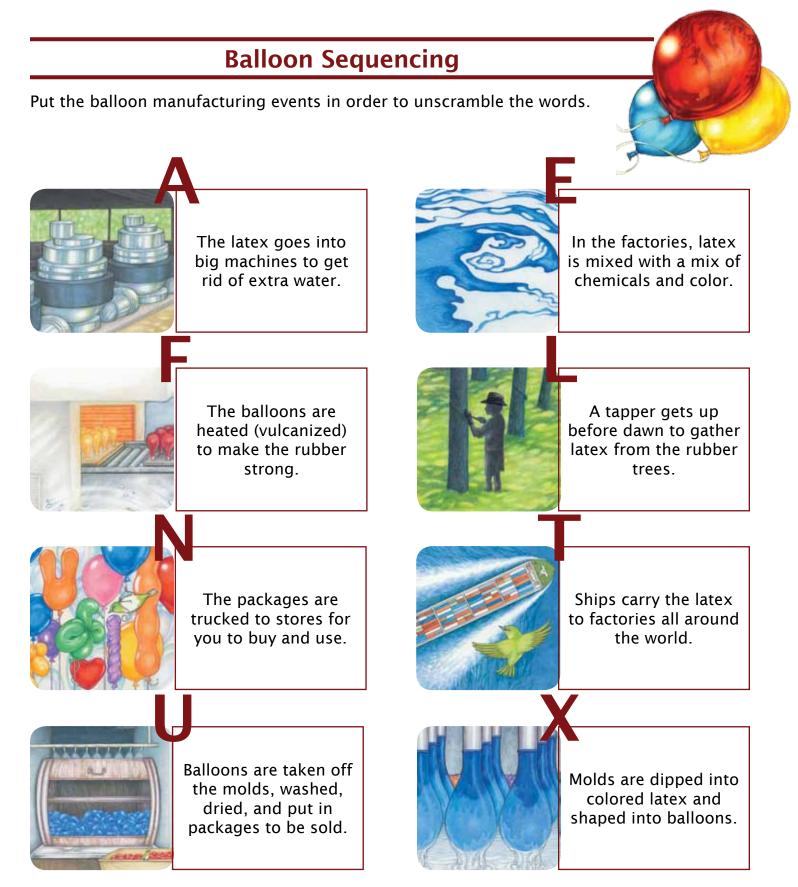


When water is removed from the sap (latex), we get "sheet rubber."

All contain or are made from rubber: many different types of balls, latex paint, rubber bles, bottom of many shoes, bike and car tires, latex balloons, rubber hoses, rubber boots, rubber shower mats, rubber or latex gloves, and even rubber doormats. The number one rubber product is tires.



Which of these things is made with rubber or has rubber in it?



Rubber True or False

Do you think these statements are true or false? Answers are upside down, below.		
1	The first bicycle tires were made out of rubber.	
2	People in Central and South America were the first people to use rubber balls.	
3	Rubber erases or "rubs" out pencil markings. That is how we get the word "rubber."	
4	People always knew that rubber would be used for all kinds of things.	
5	The average rubber tree produces 19 pounds of latex per year.	
6	Balloons have always been made from rubber.	
7	Rubber trees grow in habitats all over the world.	
8	When the latex rubber comes out of the tree, it is a liquid sap.	NA
9	Charles Goodyear discovered a process called "vulcanization" that is essential for all of the rubber products that we use.	ANT TO
10	Vulcanization uses chemicals and heat to change the soft, sticky, taffy-like rubber into strong, elastic rubber (cured rubber).	
Asia. Rubber trees only grow in wet, tropical climates. 8) True. 9) True. 10) True.		

Answers: 1) False: The earliest bicycles had wooden wheels. Metal wheels were also used before rubber tires. 2) True. 3) True. 4) False: When people first discovered rubber, they didn't think it would be very useful because it was too sticky in the summer heat, and too breakable in the winter cold. 5) True. 6) False: Rubber trees were the first balloons. 7) False: Rubber trees were first

found in the Amazon Rainforest and have been planted in Africa and Southeast