

# Penguins

A Compare and Contrast Book

Yes, some of the 18 species of penguins live in cold, polar regions, but most penguins live in warm climates. One species even lives near the equator! These birds "fly" through the water with flippers instead of the air with wings. Most are black and white, but one species is blue and white. Some have red eyes, and some have yellow eyes. Some even have colorful bursts of feathers atop their heads. What do they all have in common and how are they different? Explore and learn about these lovable birds in this latest installment of the Compare and Contrast Book series.

Arbordale Publishing offers so much more than a picture book. We open the door for children to explore the facts behind a story they love.

The For Creative Minds includes

- · Penguin Fun Facts
- · Penguin Identification
- · Where in the World?
- · Match the Adaptations

Visit www.ArbordalePublishing.com for free resources and support: teaching activities; quizzes; reading levels; and alignment to Common Core, NGSS, and state standards.

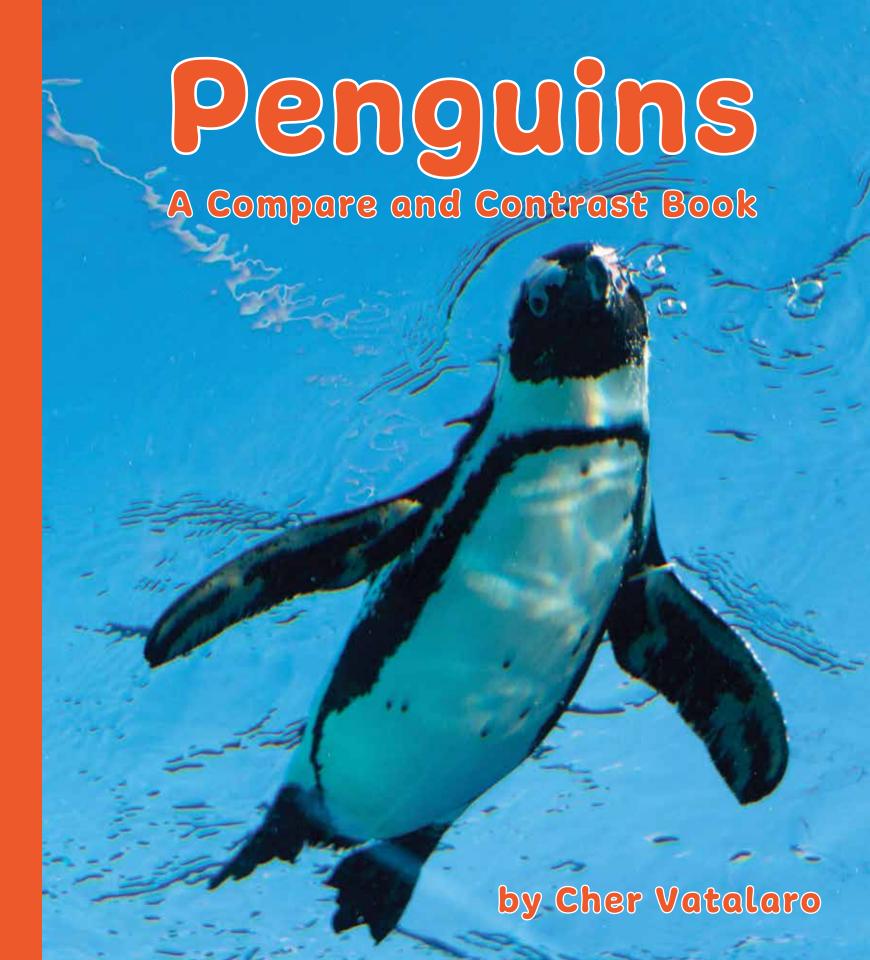
Thanks to P. Dee Boersma, Professor of Conservation Biology, Evolution and Systematics at the University of Washington, Director of the Center for Ecosystem Sentinels and Co-Chair of the International Union for the Conservation of Nature SSC Penguin Specialist Group for verifying the information in this book.

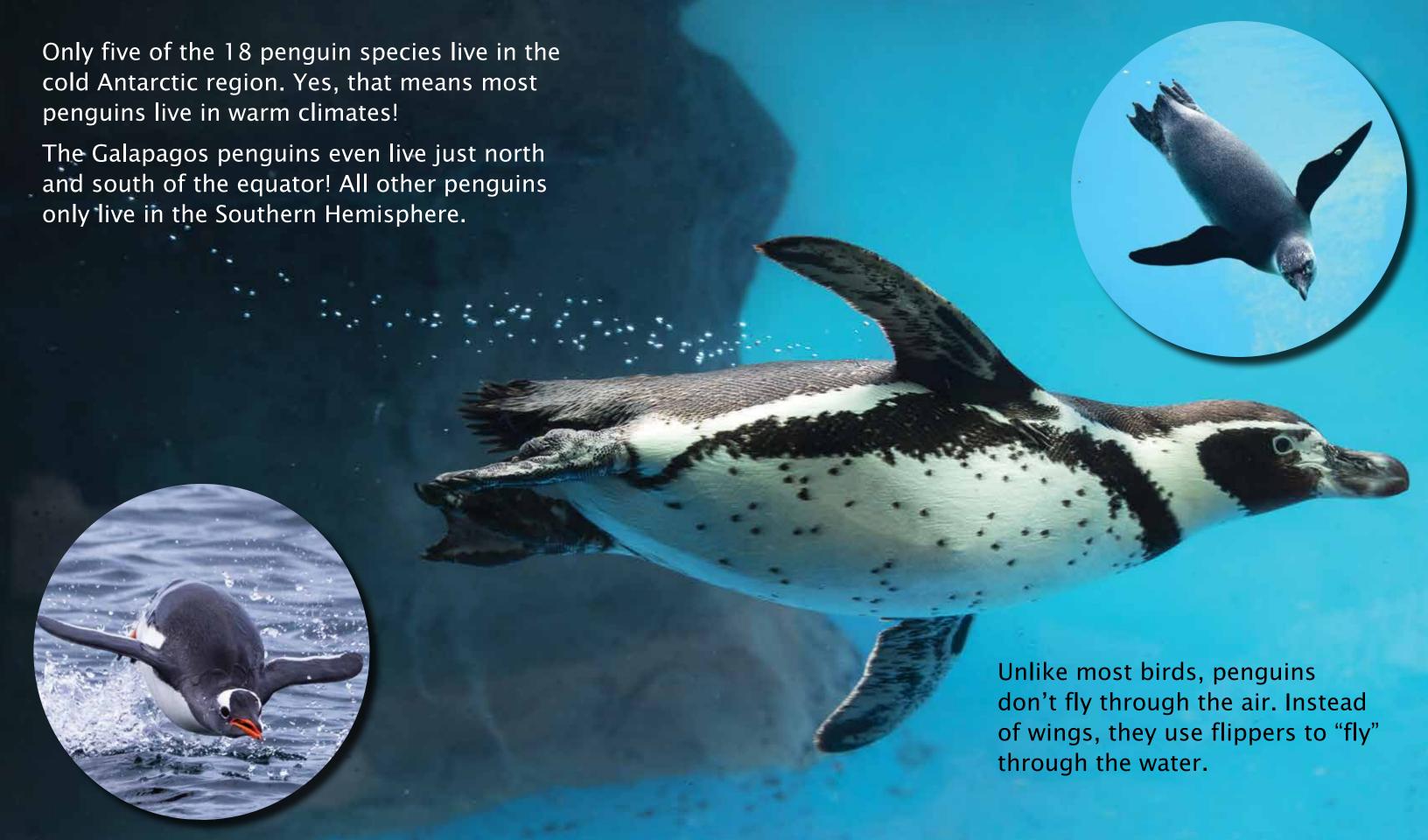
Arbordale's interactive ebooks read aloud in both English and Spanish with wordhighlighting and adjustable audio speed. Available for purchase online.

**Cher Vataloro** (Vat-a-lar-o) remembers visiting zoos and aquariums as a child and seeing the relationship the keepers and trainers had with the animals. That's when she decided to work with animals when she grew up. College studies and internships at nature centers and marine parks led to full-time jobs. Cher is now the Director of the Conservation Education Department at the Lehigh Valley Zoo. She's passionate about sharing her knowledge and fondness of animals through zoo programs and this debut picture book. In addition to her work at the zoo, Cher serves as the education advisor for the African Penguin Species Survival Plan® and sits on the Steering Committee for the Ambassador Animal Advisory Group. As if she doesn't get enough animal time at work, Cher and her family have 2 cats, a dog, and a parrot.



Cher Vataloro









### For Creative Minds

This section may be photocopied or printed from our website by the owner of this book for educational, non-commercial use. Cross-curricular teaching activities for use at home or in the classroom, interactive guizzes, and more are available online.

Visit www.ArbordalePublishing.com to explore additional resources.

#### **Penguin Fun Facts**



Some birds, including some penguins, have feather tufts, called crests, on the top of their heads. Birds can usually control their crest feathers by raising or lowering them. Male birds might do this to attract females. They might do it to "talk" to other birds or to show they are scared. Erect-crested, royal, macaroni, northern rockhopper, southern rockhopper, Fiordland, Snares, and yelloweyed penguins are considered "crested penguins."

Because African penguins make a braying sound like a donkey, they are sometimes called "jackass" penguins.

Just like we can be identified by fingerprints, we can identify individual banded penguins (African, Magellanic, Humboldt, and Galapagos) by the black spots on their chests.

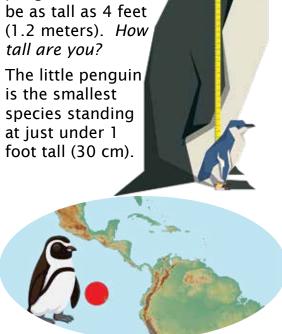


are the tallest penguins and can tall are you? is the smallest at just under 1

**Emperor penguins** 

It's true... not all penguins live in the cold, polar region of Antarctica.

Except for Galapagos penguins that live on both sides of the equator, all other penguins live in the southern hemisphere. You will never find polar bears and penguins living together in the wild.



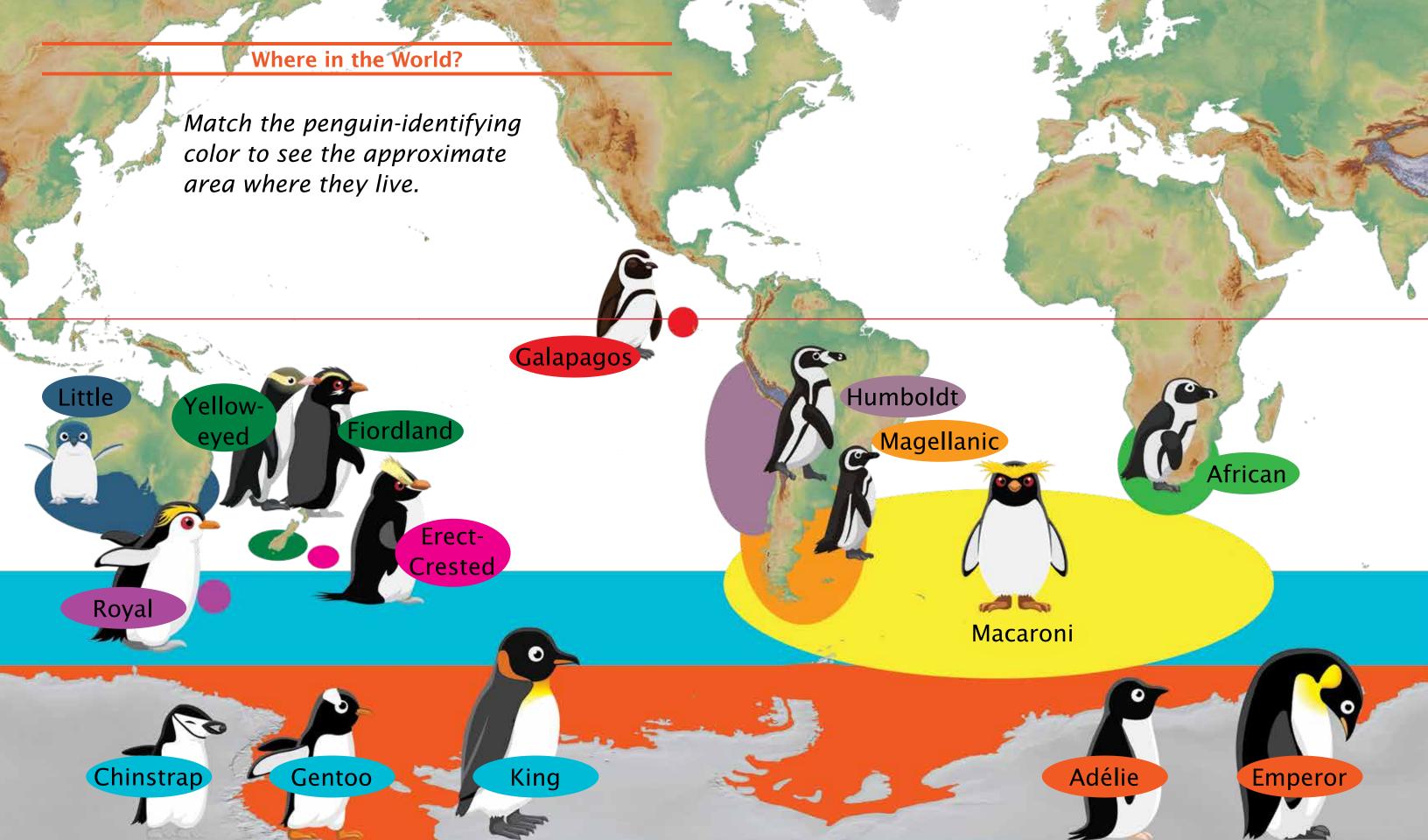
## **Penguin Identification**

Can you use the information in the book to identify these penguins?

How are beak shapes and colors alike or different? Describe eye colors and feathered head crests. Which ones look more alike than others?



1: yellow-eyed, 2: chinstrap. 3: emperor. 4: macaroni. 5; northern rockhopper. 6: African. 7: king. 8: royal. 9: Magellanic



### **Match the Adaptations**

All living things have adaptations that help them survive in their habitats. Match the penguin adaptations.

Penguins have amazing beaks. The tips of the beaks on some penguins have a hook on them to help grab fish. The inside of their mouths and tongues have small finger-like projections (papillae) to help the birds to swallow fish whole.

Since penguins can't fly, their wings (flippers) are perfectly adapted for swimming. Their wings are hard and narrow like paddles to help move through the water.

Like ducks, penguins have webbed feet. They use their feet for steering and braking in the water. Their nails help them climb and hop around on land.

Their feet are set back far on their bodies. That helps them swim but also make

Their feet are set back far on their bodies. That helps them swim but also makes them waddle on land.



Answers: A2-beaks, B3-flippers, C1-webbed feet

Penguins can have up to 100 feathers per square inch on their bodies! They have more feathers than any other bird!

Can you put 100 dots into a square inch?

one square inch

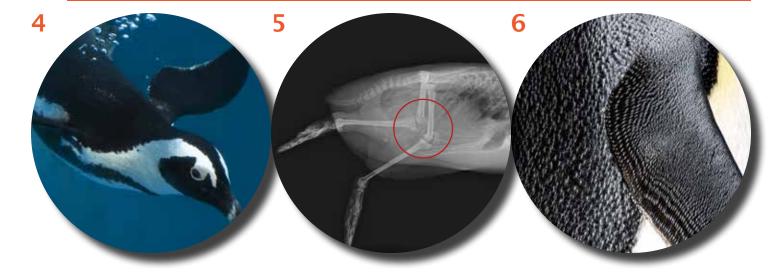
Penguins have two kinds of **feathers**. They have an under layer that is made up of down feathers. This layer acts like a blanket and keeps the birds warm. The outer layer acts like a wet suit and helps to keep them dry. The outer feathers are oily which is what makes them waterproof.

Since penguins don't fly, they have no need for hollow bones, like most other birds. Instead, they have solid bones, just like humans!

Penguin knees are very high on their legs, very close to their "hips." Their knees are covered by skin and feathers so it is like when women wear tight skirts. Penguins have to take short steps because of their "tight skirts."

Countershading is a special type of camouflage used by many animals. Dark backs help them blend in with the dark ocean when seen from above. Their white bellies help them blend in with the lighter surface of the water when seen from below.

What other animals can you think of that have countershading?



Answers: D6-feathers, E5-bones/knees, F4-countershading

Thanks to P. Dee Boersma, Professor of Conservation Biology, Evolution and Systematics at the University of Washington, Director of the Center for Ecosystem Sentinels and Co-Chair of the International Union for the Conservation of Nature SSC Penguin Specialist Group for verifying the information in this book.

Thanks to the Mystic Aquarium for the use of their x-ray photos of penguin bones and knees. All other photographs are licensed through Adobe Stock Photos or Shutterstock.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Names: Vatalaro, Cher, 1988- author.

Title: Penguins: a compare and contrast book / by Cher Vatalaro. Description: Mt. Pleasant: Arbordale Publishing, LLC, [2021] | Includes

bibliographical references.

Identifiers: LCCN 2021013707 (print) | LCCN 2021013708 (ebook) | ISBN

9781643519876 (paperback) | ISBN 9781638170259 (adobe pdf) | ISBN

9781638170440 (epub) | ISBN 9781638170068 (Interactive, dual-language,

read-aloud ebook)

Subjects: LCSH: Penguins--Juvenile literature.

Classification: LCC QL696.S473 V35 2021 (print) | LCC QL696.S473 (ebook)

| DDC 598.47--dc23

LC record available at https://lccn.loc.gov/2021013707

LC ebook record available at https://lccn.loc.gov/2021013708

#### Bibliography/ Bibliografía:

"All about Penguins - Conservation & Research | SeaWorld Parks & Entertainment." Seaworld.org, 2010, seaworld.org/ animals/all-about/penguins/conservation-and-research/.

"Aptenodytes Patagonicus (King Penguin)." Animal Diversity Web, 2010, animaldiversity.org/accounts/Aptenodytes\_

Bellows, Nick. "Eudyptes Robustus (Snares Penguin)." Animal Diversity Web, animaldiversity.org/accounts/Eudyptes\_robustus/. "Bird Crests Are More than Just Ornaments." The Spruce, www.thespruce.com/meaning-of-crest-385208. Accessed 9 Mar. 2021. Braswell, Tricia. "Eudyptes Pachyrhynchus (Fiordland Penguin)." Animal Diversity Web, animaldiversity.org/accounts/ Eudyptes\_pachyrhynchus/.

Burchman, Jenny. "Eudyptes Sclateri (Erect-Crested Penguin)." Animal Diversity Web, animaldiversity.org/accounts/ Eudyptes\_sclateri/.

"Can You Name All the Penguin Species?" The Spruce, www.thespruce.com/penguin-species-list-385429.

Combos, Veronica, "Pygoscelis Adeliae (Adélie Penguin)," Animal Diversity

"Eudyptes Chrysocome (Rockhopper Penguin)." Animal Diversity Web, 2019, animaldiversity.org/accounts/Eudyptes\_ chrvsocome/.

"Every Penguin, Ranked: Which Species Are We Most at Risk of Losing?" BirdLife, 2017, www.birdlife.org/list-penguin-species. "Global Penguin Society." Www.globalpenguinsociety.org, www.globalpenguinsociety.org/index.html#species.

Howard, Laura. "Sphenisciformes (Penguins)." Animal Diversity Web, animaldiversity.org/accounts/Sphenisciformes/. Newtoff, Kiersten. "Pygoscelis Papua (Gentoo Penguin)." Animal Diversity Web, animaldiversity.org/accounts/Pygoscelis\_papua/. Nissley, Heidi. "Spheniscus Humboldti (Humboldt Penguin)." Animal Diversity Web, animaldiversity.org/accounts/ Spheniscus\_humboldti/.

"Penguin | Species | WWF." World Wildlife Fund, 2019, www.worldwildlife.org.

"Static Map of the Geographical Distribution of Penguins." PenguinWorld, www.penguinworld.com/map/staticmap.html. Reynolds, Katie. "Eudyptes Chrysolophus (Macaroni Penguin)." Animal Diversity Web, animaldiversity.org/accounts/ Eudyptes chrysolophus/.

Wahlstrom, Joshua. "Spheniscus Mendiculus (Galapagos Penguin)." Animal Diversity Web, animaldiversity.org/accounts/ Spheniscus\_mendiculus/.

Williams, Tony D (1995). The Penguins. Oxford, England: Oxford University Press.

Wit, Kirsty de. "Eudyptes Schlegeli (Royal Penguin)." Animal Diversity Web, animaldiversity.org/accounts/Eudyptes\_schlegeli/.

Printed in the US This product conforms to CPSIA 2008 First Printing

> Arbordale Publishing, LLC Mt. Pleasant, SC 29464 www.ArbordalePublishing.com

If you enjoy this book, look for other Arbordale books that may be of interest:



Includes 6 pages of learning activities.

Look for more free activities online at

ArbordalePublishing.com

Text Copyright 2021 © by Cher Vataloro

The "For Creative Minds" educational section may be copied by the owner for personal use or by educators using copies in classroom settings.