The book cover features a central illustration of a large brown bear with its mouth open, showing a pink tongue with two blackberries on it. The bear is surrounded by various forest animals: a fox on the left, a squirrel on a branch above it, a mouse on a branch to the right, and a deer on the right. The background is a light blue sky with a small blue bird. The title 'Blackberry Banquet' is written in large, red, outlined letters at the top. The entire scene is framed by a red border with blackberry leaves and clusters of blackberries at the corners.

Blackberry Banquet

By Terry Pierce
Illustrated by Lisa Downey

Blackberry Banquet

Mmm-mm! Forest animals squeak, tweet, slurp, yip and chomp over the sweet, plump fruit of a wild blackberry bush. But what happens when a bear arrives to take part in the feast? Young children will enjoy following the story by making the animal sounds, and the chaos that strikes upon the bear's arrival will surely bring on the laughter. The cumulative, rhyming text makes for a great read-aloud.

It's so much more than a picture book . . . this book is specifically designed to be both a fun-to-read story and a launch pad for discussions and learning. Whether read at home or in a classroom, we encourage adults to do the activities with the young children in their lives. Free online resources and support at www.ArbordalePublishing.com include:

- For Creative Minds as seen in the book (in English & Spanish):
 - Blackberry Fun Facts
 - How we eat blackberries (with smoothie recipe)
 - Plants are the bottom of the food chain
 - Plants and Animals
 - How do animals help plants?
 - Are plants always good?
 - Animals include:
 - mouse
 - squirrel
 - deer
 - robin
 - fox
 - bear
- Teaching Activities:
 - Reading Questions
 - Language Arts
 - Science
 - Mathematics
 - Geography
 - Coloring Pages
- Interactive Quizzes: Reading Comprehension, For Creative Minds, and Math Word Problems
- English and Spanish Audiobooks
- Related Websites
- Aligned to State Standards (searchable database)
- Reading Counts! Quizzes
- Lexile and Fountas & Pinnell Reading Levels

eBooks with Auto-Flip, Auto-Read, and selectable English and Spanish text and audio available for purchase online.

Thanks to Jamie Little, Interpretive Coordinator for Oregon Parks and Recreation; and Alison Heimowitz, Education Coordinator at Clackamas Community College's John Inskeep Environmental Learning Center, and Treasurer of the Environmental Education Association of Oregon for verifying the accuracy of the information in this book.

Terry Pierce is the author of 16 children's books, including picture books, easy readers, joke books and non-fiction. She was a Montessori pre-primary teacher for twenty-two years, before deciding to follow her dream of writing for children (what she calls, "the best mid-life crisis ever!"). Terry now writes full-time, teaches children's writing workshops, and is a visiting author at elementary schools. She also proudly serves on the Ventura/Santa Barbara regional board of the Society of Children's Book Writers and Illustrators. Picking blackberries with her son on a summer vacation in Oregon inspired her to write *Blackberry Banquet* (and to master the art of baking of the perfect berry pie).

Lisa Downey is a freelance artist and graphic designer. A former art teacher, Lisa also attended FIT in New York, where she studied advertising and packaging design and later taught introductory packaging design classes. "Illustration has always been just under the surface in my career as a designer. I gained valuable skills working in packaging design firms; but the six year old inside was just itching to jump out and run all over the drawing board," says Lisa. Her styles range from cartoonish to very representational. In addition to illustrating *Blackberry Banquet*, Lisa also illustrated *Julie the Rockhound* and *Happy Birthday to Whooo?* for Arbordale. She lives in the SC Lowcountry, with her very supportive husband, Len, and their cats; Pom Pom and Ophelia.



Terry Pierce

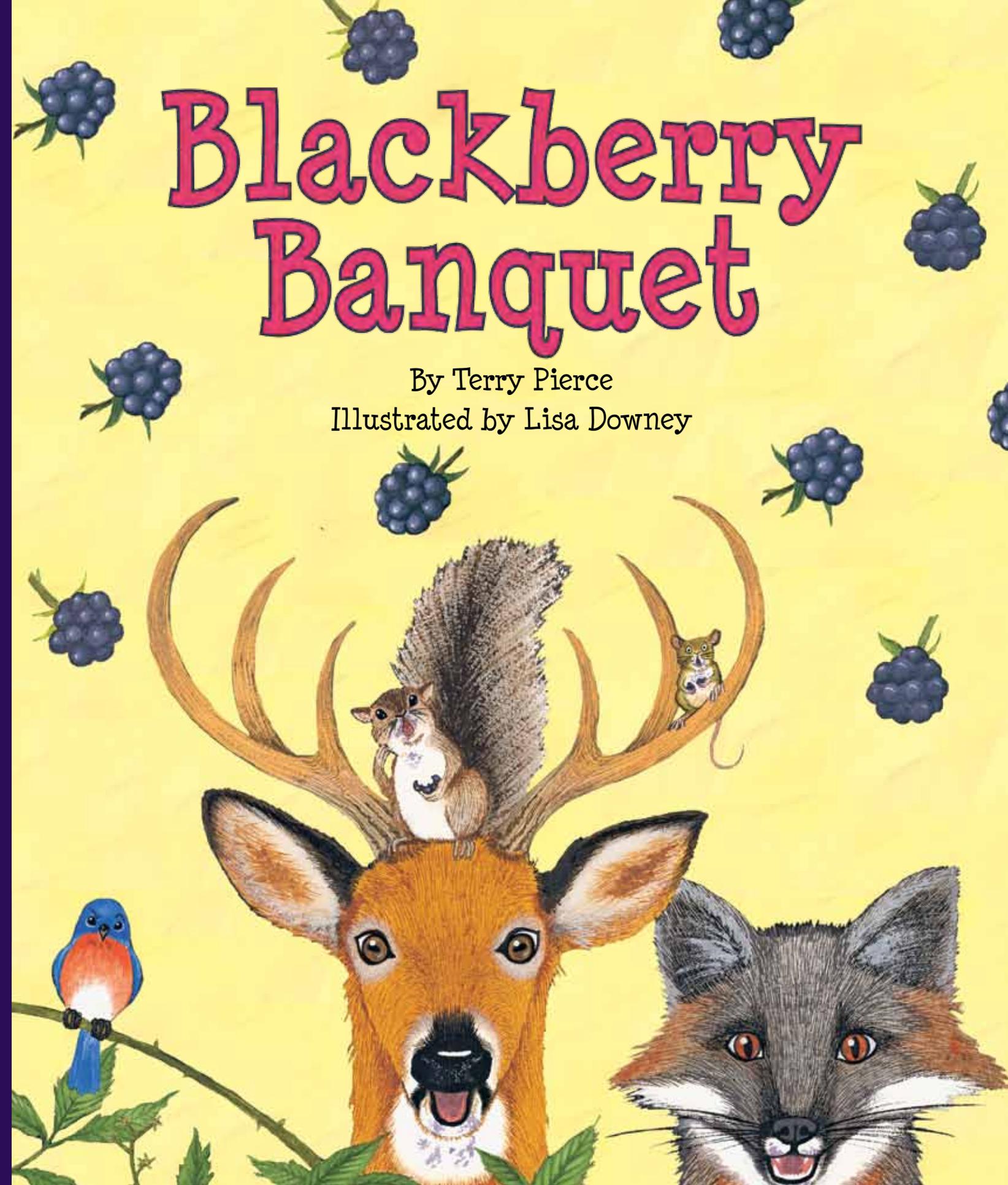


Lisa Downey

Blackberry Banquet

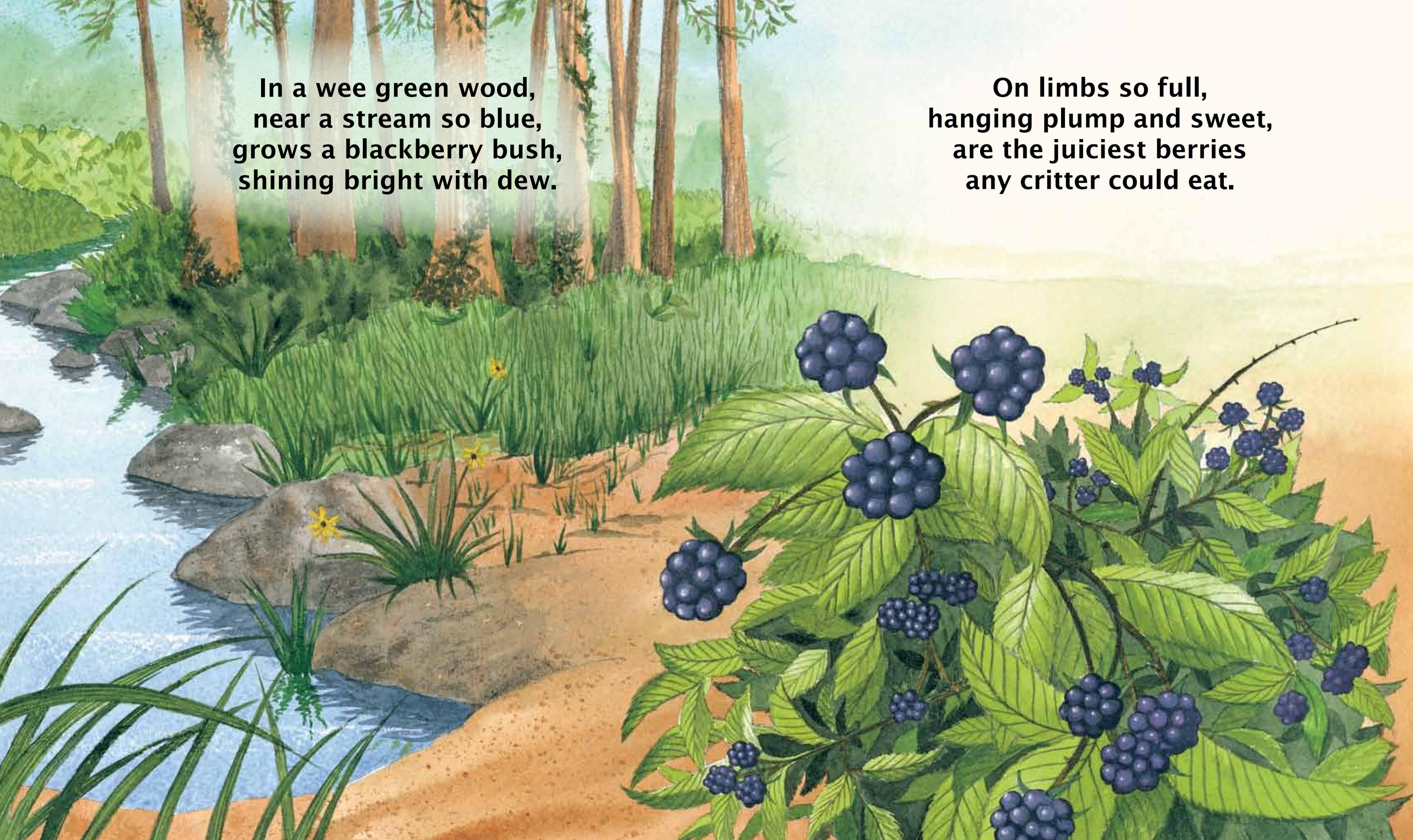
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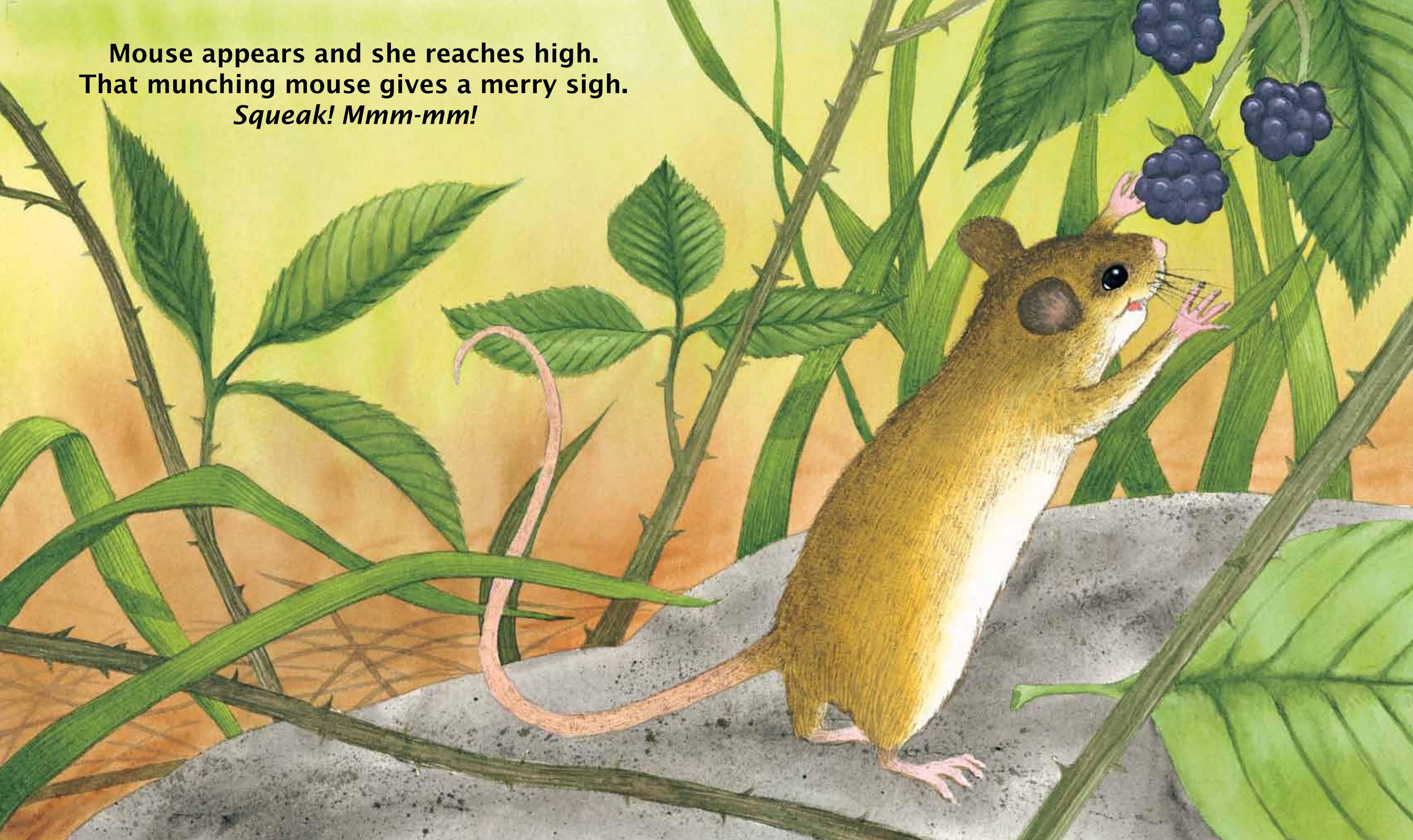


**In a wee green wood,
near a stream so blue,
grows a blackberry bush,
shining bright with dew.**

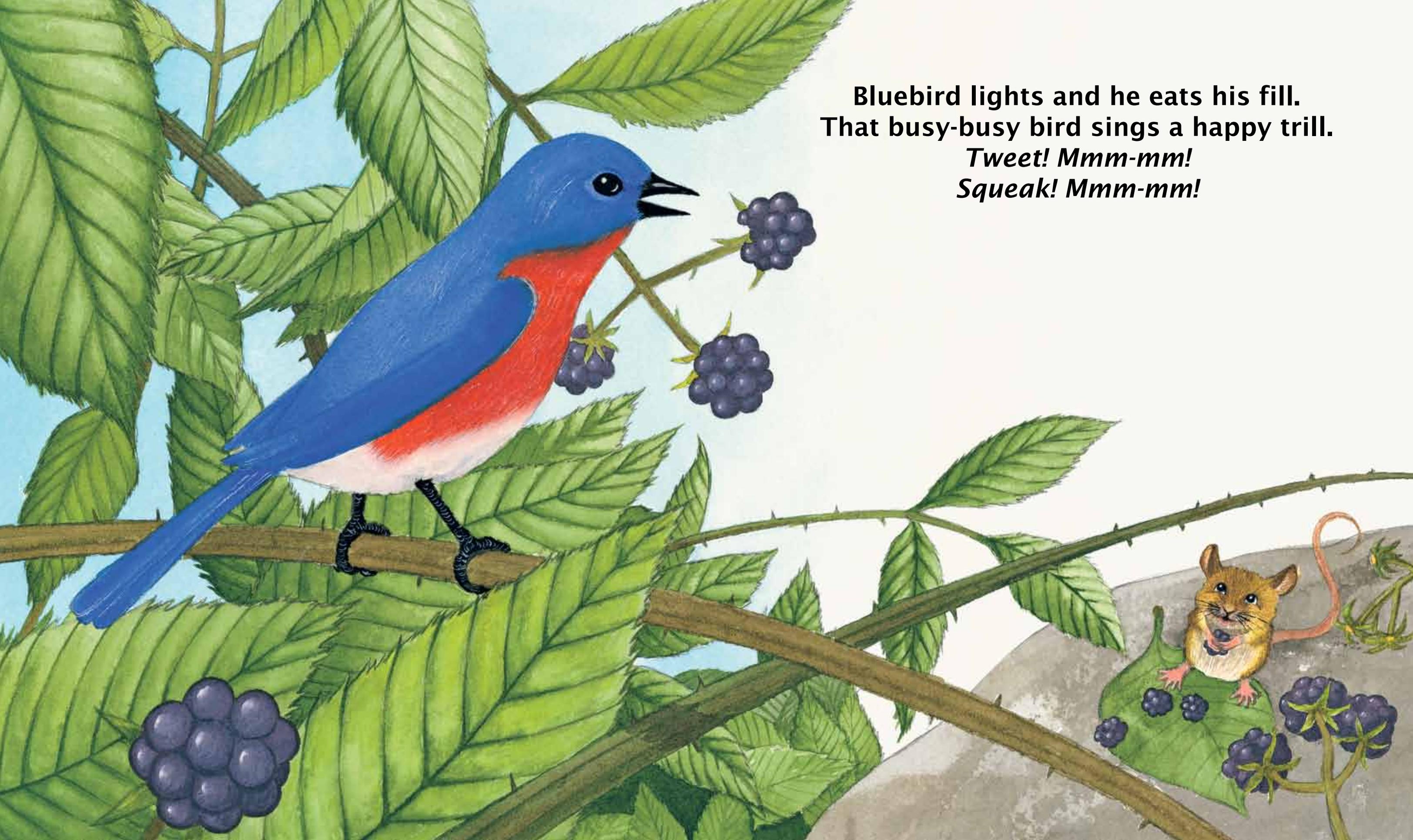
**On limbs so full,
hanging plump and sweet,
are the juiciest berries
any critter could eat.**



Mouse appears and she reaches high.
That munching mouse gives a merry sigh.
Squeak! Mmm-mm!



Bluebird lights and he eats his fill.
That busy-busy bird sings a happy trill.
Tweet! Mmm-mm!
Squeak! Mmm-mm!



Squirrel skips into the brambles thick.
That snacking squirrel gives a great big lick.

Slurp! Mmm-mm!
Tweet! Mmm-mm!
Squeak! Mmm-mm!



For Creative Minds

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Blackberries

We are not the only animals that enjoy eating blackberries! Some other familiar blackberry-eating animals include those mentioned in the book: robins, cardinals, skunks, red foxes, and raccoons.

The fruits grow as clusters of **drupelets** on prickly shrubs.

Unripe blackberries are actually red and can be easily confused with raspberries.

Blackberries turn a dark purple and have a white core that runs through the center when ripe.

Ripe berries may be picked during the summer or even in early fall in some areas.

Do not pick and eat berries unless an adult is positive that they are edible (some berries can be poisonous) and that haven't been sprayed with pesticides.

Only pick enough berries that you are going to eat and always leave some berries to reseed the plant.

How do we eat blackberries...

Just the berries—fresh picked!
Jam
Over ice cream
Blackberry syrup
Cakes/muffins/pies
Smoothies

Blackberry Smoothie

Fresh berry smoothies are a great treat to beat the heat on a hot, summer day! They are even better with fresh picked berries.

- 1 c. vanilla yogurt, ice cream, or milk
- 1/2 c. fresh or frozen blackberries
- 1 small to medium banana
- 2 to 3 Tbs. sugar (to taste depending on berries)

Use a blender on puree or high speed to mix.

Plants are the bottom of the food web

Are you surprised that a bear eats blackberries? Many people are! Whether an animal eats plants or animals, plants are the bottom of all **food webs**—no matter what habitat (yes, even in the ocean). Even some large animals like deer only eat plants.

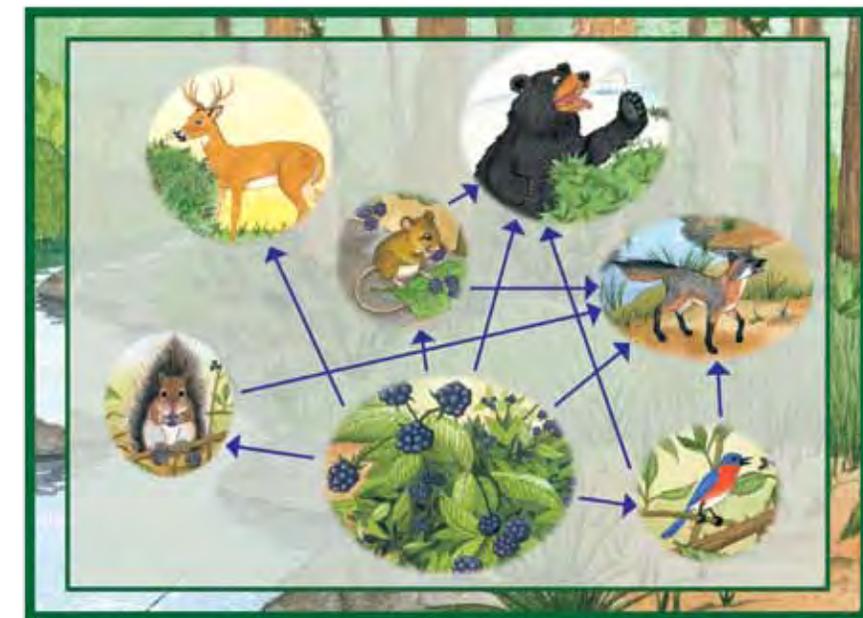
Green plants are called **producers** because they make their own food (sugar) using sunlight, air, minerals, and water.

Animals cannot make their own food. They must eat plants or other animals for energy. They are called **consumers**. There are three kinds of consumers.

- Animals that only eat plants are called **herbivores** or **primary consumers**.
- Animals that eat other animals are called **carnivores**. Carnivores that eat herbivores are called **secondary consumers**.
- Carnivores that eat other carnivores are called **tertiary consumers**.

Animals that eat both plants and animals are called **omnivores** (omni means “both”).

Decomposers such as mushrooms feed on dead plants and animals, turning them back into the soil to feed the plants. That starts the cycle all over again!



1. Which animal is a **herbivore**: black bear, deer, or fox?
2. A gray fox might eat which animals?

1. deer; 2. bird, squirrel, or mouse



Plants and Animals

Just like in the story, many animals eat plants or parts of plants. All the animals ate the fruit from the blackberry shrub.

Some animals make their homes in plants. *Can you think of some animals that live in plants (trees, bushes, grasses, etc.)?* Some animals might live in a burrow or a den but the opening is hidden by plants. Other animals might use pieces of plants to build their nests or homes.

Plants give us oxygen to breathe!



Humans eat plants, too! *Can you think of some foods that we eat that come from plants?* We eat seeds and fruit, just like the animals in the book. We also eat nuts, leaves (lettuce), flowers (broccoli), or stems (celery).

Animals often hide in plants for protection.

How do animals help plants?

Plants need to spread their seeds far away from the parent plant so that the seeds have the room, sunlight, and energy to grow into new plants. Animals help do this by carrying seeds away from the plants.

Sometimes seeds stick to the fur or hair of an animal. The seeds later fall off and hopefully will grow.

When animals eat the fruit or seeds and then go to the bathroom, they leave the seeds far away from the parent plant.

Some animals may bury seeds to eat later but then forget about them. Then the seeds may grow.



Are plants always good?

Some plants naturally occur in certain areas. We call them **native** plants. Sometimes plants grow in areas where they are not native and we call them **non-native** plants. Some non-natives, including several species of blackberry, are also **invasive** in that they take over an area. Not all non-natives are invasive. In some places, certain types of blackberries are considered to be invasive. If planting blackberry bushes, please always use plants that are native to the area you live.

Invasive plants can grow so much that they take the space, sunlight, and energy that native plants need to grow. This could threaten the native plants.

If native plants can't grow, the animals that depend on those plants for food and shelter could also become threatened.

Blackberry bushes can become very brambly and sometimes grow near water sources. In some places, this could make it difficult for animals to get to their food or water. This is another reason why invasive plants can sometimes become a problem.



To Greg, my berry-picking buddy; thanks for all the sweet memories—TP
For my mom and dad—LD

Thanks to Jamie Little, Interpretive Coordinator for Oregon Parks and Recreation; and to Alison Heimowitz, Education Coordinator at Clackamas Community College's John Inskeep Environmental Learning Center, and Treasurer of the Environmental Education Association of Oregon for verifying the accuracy of the information in this book.

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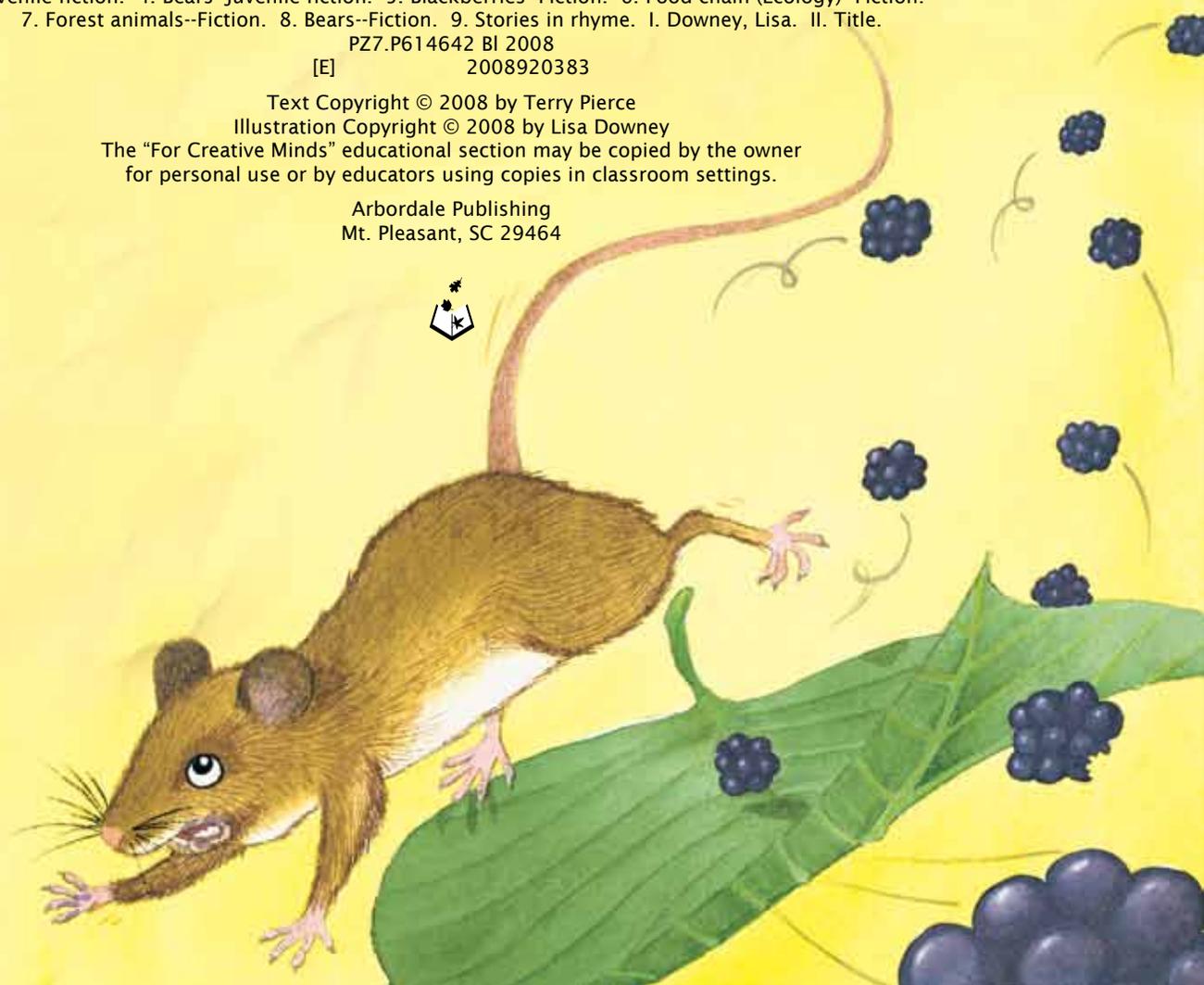
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